Preventing poisoning in the home:

- Keep all medicines out of reach—preferably in a locked kitchen cupboard
- Keep human and veterinary medicines separate
- Never give animals medicines intended for human use—only medicines prescribed by your vet
- Some foods (for example, chocolate, onions, grapes, raisins, sultanas, avocados, certain nuts, liquorice, xylitol-sweetened foods and sweets) can be toxic. Do not allow animals access to foods intended for human consumption. Pets should only be given food and treats formulated for animals
- Some plants are hazardous (for example, lilies to cats, daffodils)—keep houseplants and floral displays out of reach of pets
- Restrict access to cleaning, DIY and car products (for example, fuels, antifreeze, white spirit and lubricating oils).
Preventing poisoning in the garden or open spaces:

- Prevent access to gardens where pesticides or fertilisers have recently been used, especially slug pellets and rodent baits. Access to such baits can be reduced by placing them in narrow tubes etc.

- Keep pesticides/herbicides in a safe and inaccessible place—away from all pets

- Never leave buckets or watering cans full of mixed chemicals

- Do not allow animals to drink from ponds/puddles that appear oily or otherwise polluted

- Be careful not to leave plant bulbs lying around.
What to do if you think your animal has been poisoned:

Don’t panic — remember, few cases have fatal outcomes and few poisons act very rapidly.

- Remove your animal(s) from the source of poison — protecting yourself if necessary
- Contact your vet for advice immediately, especially if your animal is unwell, and be ready to provide information on when, where and how poisoning occurred, as well as the quantity consumed
- If instructed to go to the practice, take a sample of the poison and the packaging with you
- If the skin is contaminated then wash thoroughly with WATER
- DO NOT try to make your animal vomit — unless you are instructed to do so by your vet.
Some substances which can be poisonous...

- Slug pellets
- Plant bulbs
- Chocolate
- Raisins
- Human medicines
- Lilies
- Car anti-freeze
- Liquorice
Substances of low toxicity

The following is a list of substances that are frequently eaten by pets. If these are eaten it can generally be anticipated that there will be no clinical signs, other than drooling, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.

- Antacid tablets (‘over the counter’)
- Blu-tack® or other similar adhesives
- Chalk
- Charcoal
- Coal (real or artificial)
- Cotoneaster species
- Cut-flower/houseplant food
- Expanded polystyrene
- Folic acid
- Fuchsia species
- Holly (Ilex species)
- Honeysuckle (Lonicera species)
- Matches
- Mistletoe (Viscum album)
- Oral contraceptives and hormone replacement therapy (HRT) tablets
- Pyracantha species
- Rowan (Sorbus aucuparia)
- Silica gel
- Wax candles/crayons

Although in many cases treatment may not be necessary, if you are at all concerned then contact your vet for advice. The animal should always have easy access to drinking water.
Veterinary Poisons information Service

The VPIS is a specialist 24-hour emergency service, which is only available to veterinary professionals and animal welfare organisations, providing information and advice on the optimum management of actual and suspected acute poisoning in animals. For more information on the VPIS visit www.vpisuk.co.uk

Animal Welfare Foundation

AWF is the charity led by the veterinary profession. We are committed to improving the welfare of all animals through veterinary science, education and debate.

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